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#### SIAM.

An expedition is fitting out by the Rajah of Siak against the chief of Bookit Batoo, situated a little to the south of the entrance of the Siak river, who commands about 500 persons, engaged in collecting fish-roes. His name is Tonko Long; he is a robber and pirate, and seizes the children of the country, &c.—[*Sing. Chron.* June 10.]

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#### JAVA.

Intelligence from Batavia, to Aug. 3, mentions that great confusion prevails there; the Sultan of Sooloo had declared war against the Dutch, and had nearly approached Samarang. The Bugis at Macassar had revolted; and the Chinese at Pontiana and Banjermassin had also rebelled, and massacred the residents. A more serious occurrence is a disturbance in the residency of Djojokarta. One of the tutors of the soemoooonang, or sultan, who is a minor, being suspected of some intrigues, the Resident took measures to arrest him; but he opposed the armed force sent against him, and being joined by another pangerang, or chief, engaged a detachment of Dutch troops without any decisive result. The insurgents are said to have spread themselves over the province of Kadoe. The government paper states that tranquillity has been restored at Djojokarta; but there is reason to believe that the insurrection has been more extensive than is admitted, and that the insurgents will join the Sultan of Sooloo.

*Palembang.*—By a native vessel lately arrived from Palembang, we learn that the fugitive Sultan, who was in a state of insurrection against the Netherland authorities, had been thrice defeated, but still continued to hold out. The quarter belonging to himself and his followers, in the town of Palembang, has been destroyed and razed to the ground. It is probable that the possession of Bencoolen will not only give the Dutch facilities for suppressing the present insurrection, but add considerably to their means of establishing a permanent dominion over the kingdom of Palembang—certainly the portion of Sumatra the most improved, and possessing the greatest natural advantages.—[*Sing. Chron.*, May 12.]

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#### Siam.

By some of the last arrivals from Siam, says the *Singapore Chronicle*, we learn that the Siamese are intent upon the conquest of the Malayan principalities of Perah and Salangore. The Rajah of Ligore had also assembled a fleet of 300 boats, to co-operate at Trang: this may explain the alarm felt at Penang.

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#### CELEBES.

Despatches from Macassar bring an account of the success of the expedition under General Van Green, in Boni. His Majesty's troops entered the capital of Boni on the 30th of March, after taking possession of the works which the enemy had erected, defended by sixty pieces of cannon. General Van Green, after remaining some days in the capital, and being convinced that the princes had all fled to the mountains, returned to Rotterdam the 30th April. A column under Major Le Bron has marched directly across the kingdom of Boni, and reached Muros in eleven days, without having heard of any enemy. 250 troops, ordered for this expedition from Amboyna, had lately arrived at Macassar. The General was preparing an expedition to Soepa, which is still besieged by the King of Sidensing. The loss of men in this expedition was small, but there was a great deal of sickness among the troops.—*Dutch paper.*

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